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	occido [3.18]	22 sane (adv.) [A. 23]	STATISTICS	
	<i>occidens</i>	23 ³ MOTUS [3.18]	Obligatory words	586
	rectus [3.27]	³ CREDO [3.6]	Non-obligatory words	170
	<i>recte</i>	³ comprimo		
13	³ LATE (adv.)	³ libido	Total vocabulary	756
	attendo [A. 18]	³ severus [A. 3]		
	³ fatum [3.1]	24 ³ perdo [3.17]	Percentage of total number of words: Total number	
	³ MISER [3.23]	³ ornamentum [3.26]	of words:	
	³ culpa	³ togatus [3.15]	From Hurlbut and Bradley's Lists.	
	³ SCELUS [3.3]	³ sano, are [3.14]	First-Year words	46%
	PATRIA [3.10]	25 ³ praeclarus [3.5]	Second-Year words	12%
	³ frequentia [A. 3]	³ INVITUS	Third-Year words	20%
	³ induco	³ VIVO [3.27]		
	³ FALLO	³ PLACEO [3.5]	Obligatory total	78%
	<i>falsus</i>	³ omitto [3.18]	Non-obligatory*	22%
	inanis	quaeso [A. 3]		
	³ crudelitas [3.24]	³ contemno [A. 26]		100%
14	³ flagito [A. 8]	³ prudentia	*Percentage of non-obligatory words	
	³ repudio [A. 8]	² auris [3.4]	not easily derivable from words in the lists	9%
	² toga	³ cunctus [3.22]	Totals of word -occurrences:	
	gratus	² hic (adv.) [3.21]	From Hurlbut and Bradley's Lists	
	fidelis [3.14]	³ avidus	First-Year words	2186
	³ tamquam	quamvis	Second-Year words	151
15	³ obscurus [A. 11]	³ NEGO [3.7]	Third-Year words	242
	³ CENSEO [3.13]	26 ³ immo (vero) [A. 9]		
	irascor	27 ³ resto [3.3]	Obligatory total	2579
	<i>iratus</i>	³ otium [3.17]	Non-obligatory	192
	³ MIRUS [A. 3]	³ voluptas [3.2]		
	³ fortasse [A. 28]	³ quia [A. 12]	Total	2771
	incertus [3.2]	³ quamquam [3.15]	Percentage of word-occurrences:	
	declaro	contentus	From Hurlbut and Bradley's Lists	
	³ malo [A. 30]	³ amor [3.1]	First-Year words	79%
16	³ TESTIS [3.17]	28 ³ spiritus [A. 18]	Second-Year words	5%
	³ quotiens [3.11]	posteritas [A. 29]	Third-Year words	9%
17	termino [3.26]	³ ALO [3.26]		
	³ inferus [3.12]	³ miror [A. 2]	Obligatory total	93%
	<i>infimus</i>	³ pridem	Non-obligatory*	7%
	³ nimis [A. 28]	<i>iam pridem</i>		
18	minor, ari	³ LAUDO [3.14]		100%
	³ expeto [A. 14]	³ triumphus [3.26]	*Not easily derivable	2.5%
	³ placo [3.19]	29 ³ domicilium [3.1]		
	³ aliquando [A. 1]	³ DISSENSIO [3.24]		
19	gaudeo	³ CAELUM [3.18]		
	³ excello [3.20]	³ requiro [A. 11]		
	<i>excellens</i>	³ servio		
	³ FRUOR	³ iudex [A. 1]		
	³ recordor [3.24]	³ odium [3.22]		
	³ felicitas	³ invidia [3.3]		
	³ totiens [A. 29]	30 decet		
	³ dono, are [A. 5]	31 ³ fatalis [3.9]		
20	LABOR, labi	³ inflammo [3.4]		
	stultus	³ EXSILIUM [3.17]		
	³ improbis [3.6]	³ DIGNUS [3.22]		
21	³ timidus	³ constantia		
	³ parum	32 ³ exstinguo [3.24]		
	³ demens [3.11]	³ hodie		
	³ temetsi	33 ³ laetor		
	³ FUROR [3.4]	³ erga [3.1]		
	³ SUPERSUM [3.25]	³ CURA [A. 29]		
		³ ORNO [3.29]		

AN AID TO THE STUDY OF THE PRO MARCELLO

Teachers of the Pro Marcello will no doubt be glad to be reminded that in THE CLASSICAL WEEKLY 9.170-175 they will find interesting and useful matter concerning that oration, in a paper by Professor S. P. Donnelly, entitled The Literary Study of the Classics: Exercises in Cicero's Paragraphs. Father Donnelly believes that the Classics can and should be studied with the practical view of developing an art—the art of expression, the art of rhetoric, to use the ancient term. In the paper in question he seeks to show how the Pro Marcello can be made the basis of a very helpful study of the paragraph. To this end he analyzes its paragraphs, and offers suggestions for using them, when analyzed and mastered, as the basis for practice in making proper paragraphs in original essays, in Latin or in English, on contemporary themes. C. K.

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